HORIZONS FOR YOUTH

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

HORIZONS FOR YOUTH

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D8A Desmond & Ahern, Ltd. certified public accountants & consultants

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Horizons for Youth Chicago, Illinois

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Horizons for Youth (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Horizons for Youth as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Horizons for Youth and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Horizons for Youth's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizons for Youth's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Horizons for Youth's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Desmond & aherr. Stal

October 8, 2024 Chicago, IL

HORIZONS FOR YOUTH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2024

<u>Assets</u> Current Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$	488,841
Contributions receivable, net	Ψ	179,700
Prepaid expenses		6,751
Total current assets		675,292
Property and Equipment		
Equipment		13,647
Less accumulated depreciation		(13,647)
Net property and equipment		-
Other Assets		
Cash - endowment		148,559
Investments - endowment		1,254,020
Operating lease right-of-use asset		59,833
Total other assets		1,462,412
Total Assets	\$	2,137,704
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	12,323
Credit card payable		4,844
Payroll liabilities		19,991
Operating lease liability		59,833
Total current liabilities		96,991
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Without donor restrictions		
Undesignated		638,134
With donor restrictions		
Purpose restricted		73,079
Perpetual in nature - endowment		1,329,500
Total net assets		2,040,713
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	2,137,704

See independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

HORIZONS FOR YOUTH STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Wi	thout Donor		Vith Donor estrictions -	Vith Donor estrictions -	
Revenues and Other Support		estrictions	Ĩ	Purpose	Perpetual	Total
Contributions				-	 	
Corporations and foundations	\$	559,111	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 559,111
Individual		480,426		-	60,000	540,426
No Ordinary Evening		486,321		-	-	486,321
Special event, net		278,736		-	-	278,736
In-kind and donated services		337,772		-	-	337,772
Unrealized gain on investments		-		85,766	-	85,766
Dividend and interest income		6,069		51,329	-	57,398
Net assets released from restrictions		358,000		(358,000)	 -	 -
Total revenues and other support		2,506,435		(220,905)	 60,000	 2,345,530
Expenses						
Program		2,114,024		-	-	2,114,024
Administrative and general		274,829		-	-	274,829
Fundraising		415,335		-	 -	 415,335
Total expenses		2,804,188		-	 	 2,804,188
Change in net assets		(297,753)		(220,905)	60,000	(458,658)
Net assets, beginning of year		935,887		293,984	 1,269,500	 2,499,371
Net assets, end of year	\$	638,134	\$	73,079	\$ 1,329,500	\$ 2,040,713

See independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

HORIZONS FOR YOUTH STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Adn	ninistrative			
	 Program	an	d General	Fu	ndraising	 Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 625,999	\$	120,705	\$	256,660	\$ 1,003,364
Fringe benefits and payroll taxes	116,113		27,583		47,606	191,302
Total salaries and related	742,112		148,288		304,266	1,194,666
Bank and credit card fees	-		11,723		-	11,723
Depreciation	-		4,252		-	4,252
Equipment and software	6,255		14,701		5,438	26,394
Family assistance	26,206		-		-	26,206
Event expenses	-		-		53,506	53,506
Insurance	-		13,714		-	13,714
Meals and entertainment	7,375		3,415		535	11,325
Occupancy	29,713		5,729		12,183	47,625
Postage and mailing	-		239		1,026	1,265
Professional fees	388,092		62,642		15,324	466,058
Student support	323,818		-		-	323,818
Supplies	10,887		8,534		8,644	28,065
Telephone and internet	4,221		814		1,731	6,766
Travel and meetings	21,669		778		12,682	35,129
Tuition and scholarship expense	 553,676		-		-	 553,676
Total Expenses	\$ 2,114,024	\$	274,829	\$	415,335	\$ 2,804,188

See independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

HORIZONS FOR YOUTH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$	(458,658)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net		
cash used in operating activities:		
Unrealized/realized gain on investments		(85,766)
Depreciation		4,252
(Increase) decrease in assets		
Contributions receivable		202,400
Prepaid expenses and other assets		4,874
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		
Accounts payable		5,775
Credit card payable		(18,620)
Accrued expenses		(5,435)
Refundable advance		(13,671)
Net cash used in operating activities		(364,849)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments		(45,802)
Net cash used in investing activities		(45,802)
Net decrease in cash and equivalents		(410,651)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		1,048,051
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	637,400
Summary of Cash and Equivalents		
Cash and equivalents	\$	488,841
Cash - endowment	Ŧ	148,559
Total cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	637,400

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Horizons for Youth (the "Organization") was founded in 1991 as a not-for-profit organization dedicated to providing education and personal support for children from financially disadvantaged neighborhoods throughout the Chicago area. The Organization is a community committed to helping children recognize and achieve their full potential. In partnership with dedicated families, The Organization provides academic support, one-on-one mentoring, and enrichment programs. The Organization's mission is to transform children's lives by providing targeted resources, rooted in education, in a trusting partnership with their families and communities.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Basis of Presentation

As required by the generally accepted accounting principles for Not-for-Profit accounting, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes:

<u>Without donor restrictions</u> – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Such gifts include gifts without restrictions, including restricted gifts whose donor-imposed restrictions were met during the year.

<u>With donor restrictions</u> – Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions which will be met either by actions of the Organization or the passage of time. Items that affect this net asset category are gifts for which donor-imposed restrictions have not been met in the year of receipt. Restrictions that have been met on net assets with donor restrictions are reported as net assets released from restrictions. If a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the Organization reports the support as without donor restrictions. Also included in this category are net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Organization, including gifts and pledges wherein donors stipulate that the corpus of the gift is to be held in perpetuity and that only the income be made available for programs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Income Tax Status

The Organization was granted an exemption from federal income taxes by the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The Organization qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private Organization under Section 509(a)(1).

The tax-exempt purpose of the Organization and the nature in which it operates is described above. Management believes the Organization continues to operate in compliance with its tax-exempt purpose. Thus, no provision for income tax has been provided for in the financial statements. The Organization's Form 990, *Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax*, is subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after it has been filed. The Organization has adopted the requirements for accounting for uncertain tax positions and management has determined that the Organization was not required to record a liability related to uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2024.

Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents consist of bank deposits in federally insured accounts. At times, balances may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limit. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity or anticipated liquidation of three months or less and all certificates of deposit to be cash equivalents. No cash was paid for interest or taxes during the year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the Organization had a restricted cash balance of \$148,559 related to their endowment.

Property and Equipment

Expenditures for property and equipment, and items which substantially increase the useful lives of existing assets are capitalized at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of these assets ranging from five to thirty-nine years. The Organization capitalizes all expenditures and contributions of property and equipment over \$5,000. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$4,252.

Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable represent amounts promised by donors (unconditional promises to give), some of which are due in installments. The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible unconditional promises to give. An allowance of \$3,930 was deemed necessary at June 30, 2024. Contributions receivable with due dates extending beyond one year are discounted using fiscal year end Treasury Bill Rates. No discount on long term contributions receivable was recorded as of June 30, 2024.

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Contributions Receivable (cont.)

Every year, management reviews its outstanding receivables to ensure collectability. When it has been determined that the receivable will not be collected, management recognizes a loss associated with the receivable. For the year ended June 30, 2024, no bad debt expense has been recorded.

Support and Revenue

The Organization reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

The Organization reports gifts of land, buildings, and equipment as net assets without donor restricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations regarding how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service. During the year ending June 30, 2024 no such gifts of land, buildings, or equipment were received.

The Organization did not have any revenue from contracts for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Donated Services

Contributions of services are required to be recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance non-financial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. The Organization received \$331,972 of donated tuition valued at the discounted fair market value for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Many individuals have made significant contributions of time to the Organization's programs and support functions, but the value of this contributed time does not meet the above criteria for recognition of contributed services contained per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

In-Kind Contributions and Donated Facilities

In addition to receiving cash contributions, the Organization may receive in-kind contributions and donated facilities from various contributors. It is the policy of the Organization to record the estimated fair market value of certain in-kind donations as an expense in its financial statements, and similarly increase donations by a like amount. For the year ending June 30, 2024, the Organization received \$5,800 of in-kind donations such as supplies valued at fair market value.

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Directly identifiable expenses are charged to the specific program or supporting service. Expenses related to more than one function are allocated to program expenses and supporting services as the basis of periodic time and expense reviews made by management.

Concentration of Risk

During the year ended June 30, 2024, contributions from the Organization's largest donor amounted to approximately 21% of total revenues and support. Changes in the donor selection or economy could have a significant impact on future revenues and operations.

Subsequent Events

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America establish general standards of accounting for, and disclosure of, events that occur after the Statement of Financial Position date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through October 8, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events have been identified that are required to be disclosed as of that date.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

On July 1, 2023, the Organization adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update 2016-13 *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which replaced the incurred loss methodology with an expected loss methodology that is referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) methodology. The measurement of expected credit losses under the CECL methodology is applicable to financial assets measured at amortized cost, including accounts receivable. There was no material impact on the Organization's results of operations or financial condition upon adoption of the new standard.

Note 2 – Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources

The Organization regularly monitors the availability of resources required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the Organization considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities as well as the conduct of services undertaken to support those activities to be general expenditures.

Note 2 – Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources (cont.)

As of June 30, 2024, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditure, such as operating expenses, were as follows:

Financial assets, at year-end	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 488,841
Contributions receivable, current gross	 183,630
Total financial assets, at year-end	672,471
Less amount not available to be used within one year:	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,930)
Restricted by donor for purpose	(73,079)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general	
expenditures within one year	\$ 595,462

The organization manages its liquidity and reserves by adhering to the following principles: operating within a stable and balanced budget, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs, and maintaining sufficient reserves beyond near-term to provide reasonable assurance that programming is continued, and obligation will be adequately discharged in the future. In addition, the Organization operates with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources.

Note 3 – Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the value of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, the transaction and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance.

Generally accepted accounting principles also establish a fair value hierarchy that requires the Organization to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Note 3 – Investments and Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Generally accepted accounting principles establish three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or dissimilar assets of liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities;

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Mutual Funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Organization are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Organization are deemed to be actively traded.

The method described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following summarizes the classification of investments, their fair market value, and method of valuation in accordance with the above definitions at June 30, 2024:

	Fair Value Measurements							
	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,254,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,254,020	

Note 3 – Investments and Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

Investment carrying cost and fair market value for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	 Cost Basis	FMV		
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,222,667	\$	1,254,020	

<u>Note 4 – Operating Lease</u>

The Organization assesses whether an arrangement qualified as a lease (i.e., conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration) at inception and only reassesses its determination if the terms and conditions of the arrangement are changed. Leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the statement of financial position.

The Organization entered into a 3-year operating lease with one facility located in Chicago, Illinois effective through May 31, 2024 with annual rent of \$46,500.

Upon expiration, the Organization moved locations and entered into a new operating lease agreement commencing June 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 with monthly payments of \$5,000.

The agreements generally require the Organization to pay certain additional costs such as parking, insurance, repairs, and utilities. The lease provided minimum annual rental payments with no future increases.

The following summarizes the line items in the statement of financial position which include amounts for facility operating leases as of June 30, 2024:

Operating Leases	
Operating lease right-of-use asset, net	\$ 59,833
Operating lease liability	\$ 59,833

The following summarizes the weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate as of June 30, 2024:

Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term	
Operating lease	12 Months
Weighted Average Discount Rate	
Operating lease	5.14%

Note 4 – Operating Lease (cont.)

The Organization has made the election afforded in the guidance under ASC Topic 842 which allows the use of the risk-free discount rate for these leases, which is based on the borrowing rate for the United States Federal Government for a period comparable to the lease terms.

The maturities of operating lease liabilities are as follows for the year ended June 30:

2024	\$ 60,000
Amount representing interest	 (167)
Present value of lease liability	\$ 59,833

The Organization recorded \$47,625 of lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 in conjunction with the leases, which is included in statement of activities.

The following summarizes cash flow information related to the lease for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Cash paid for amounts included in lease liability	
Operating cash flows from operating lease	\$ 47,625
Right-of-use asset obtained in exchange for lease liability Operating lease liability	\$ 64,806

<u>Note 5 – Special Events</u>

The Organization hosts an annual event, "On Cloud Nine." The following summarizes the activity for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Sponsorships	\$ 187,500
Donations	100,327
Tickets	70,785
Raffle and auction	 4,100
Revenue from special events	362,712
Less direct benefit to donors	 (83,976)
Total revenues from special events	\$ 278,736

Note 6 – Related Party

The Organization had a former member of management and board or directors that is a trustee on the Declan Drumm Sullivan Memorial Fund (DDS), which makes donations to Horizons for Youth stemming from an annual fundraising event, No Ordinary Evening. Horizons for Youth collect payments from donors and sponsors on behalf of DDS. Horizons also pays event expenses, for which it is reimbursed by the DDS.

Note 7 – Net Assets With Donor Restriction (Purpose Restricted)

As of June 30, 2024, the Organization has \$73,079 of net assets with donor restrictions related to endowment earnings to be spent in accordance with the Organization's spending policy.

Note 8 – Net Assets With Donor Restriction (Perpetual Endowment)

The Organization accounts for endowment net assets by preserving the fair value of the original donation as of the gift date to the donor-restricted endowment fund absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result, the Organization classifies as endowment net assets (1) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (2) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the permanent endowment and (3) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the endowment fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by Illinois Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA).

The Organization considers the following factors in deciding to appropriate or accumulate donorrestricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund.
- 2. The purposes of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund.
- 3. General economic conditions.
- 4. The possible effects of inflation and deflation.
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments.
- 6. Other resources of the Organization.
- 7. The investment policies of the Organization.

It is the policy of the Organization to manage the endowment fund in a manner that will, at a minimum, preserve and maintain the real purchasing power of the principal (with exceptions noted below) while allowing for annual distributions to support the Organization's mission statement in accordance with the Organization's investment policy. The Board of Directors meets regularly to ensure that the objectives of the investment policy are being met, and that the strategies used to meet the objectives are in accordance with the investment policy.

Note 8 – Net Assets With Donor Restriction (Perpetual Endowment) (cont.)

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Organization relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk parameters.

The Organization's endowment spending policy determines the distribution of the investment earnings of these funds absent any donor specifications to the contrary. This spending policy calculated the amount annually distributed from the Organization's endowment fund. Under the current endowment spending policy, 5 percent of the average fair value of donor-restricted marketable securities at the end of the previous 12 months is appropriated to support current operations, representing an appropriation of current year total investment return.

Changes and composition in endowment net assets for the year ending June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Purpose		Perpetual in		
	Restricted		Nature	Total	
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	(14,016)	\$ 1,269,500	\$ 1,255,484	
Contributions		-	60,000	60,000	
Unrealized gain		85,766	-	85,766	
Dividends and interest		51,329	-	51,329	
Amount appropriated for expenditure		(50,000)		(50,000)	
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	73,079	\$ 1,329,500	\$ 1,402,579	

Reconciliation of endowment fund composition as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Cash - endowment	\$	148,559
Investments - endowment	_	1,254,020
	\$	1,402,579